Several hundred persons, both white and colored, met at the appointed hour. On motion, H. O. Parker, Esq., was

called to the Chair and Wm. Snellings was appointed Secretary. The object of the meeting was briefly explained to be for the purpose of endor sing the Conservative movement.

On motion, the Chairman appointed Messrs. Nathan Stephenson, H. W. Husted, Bryant Bagwell, Alfred Williams, and W. Crawford, committee, to report resolutions for consideration, who, after retiring, offered the following, through W. H. Hus-

The resolutions reported by the committee were the same as those adopted by the Conservative meeting, which was held

Resolved, That this meeting views with the highest intertest the teachings of the late elec-tions in Pennsylvania, Ohio and other States, and substantial Union among the States and the people of all sections, of the complete restoration of our glorious Constitution, and of the triumph of reason and "sober second thought" of the great enservative masses of the North over passion and prejudice; and, as the fast friends of the Constitution and the Union, we will endeavor, by national affairs would offer. every legitimate means, to profit by those teach

On motion, the resolutions were unanimously adopted.

Immediately upon which, loud calls were ence with an able, instructive and effective speech. He dwelt upon the practical issues developed by the situation, and, with more than his ordinary force, presented them in such a clear manner as to interest and instruct all present. He was applauded throughout the entire speech. When Gov. Bragg concluded, loud calls

were made for Judge Merrimon, who was not present. Calls were then made for Mr. Badger

and Col. Russ, both of whom declined to make speeches. Col. Russ said he could not attempt a speech after the able one just delivered, and, there being no further business, on his motion, the meeting adjourned. H. O. Parker, Chairman.

WM. SNELLINGS, Sec'y.
Raleigh Sentinel.

Somnambulism-Distressing Accident.-On the night of the 23rd ult., Dr. W. Arch. Wright, of Nash county, while on a visit to the family of his relative, W. H. Battle, Esq., near Louisburg, N. C., arose from his bed, and, in a state of unconsciousness, leaped or rather fell from a window in the twenty feet, breaking the left thigh, the left arm, dislocating the eldow, and, it is feared, sustaining other serious internal injuries.

Under the care of Drs. W. R. and J. King, the unfortunate sufferer is apparently doing well, and strong hopes are entertained of his ultimate recovery.

Accidents of this kind frequently result from intemperate habits; even then the victim has our sympathies, but we can the more heartily sympathize with this young man, from the fact that he never indulged in the "social glass" at all.

Dr. Wright expected to go, in a few days to attend the second course of lectures at the Baltimore Medical College. Raleigh Sentinel.

vertised to come off at this place, has met and "squelched." We were not present ourself, but learn, from a gentleman who a "delegrit," (as he styled himself) swap- fore us for decision. ping a half bushel of corn for hard cider. Goldsboro' Star, 11th.

Cotton.—A considerable quantity of Cotton was sold in this market last week at prices ranging from 12% to 14% cents.those of last year this time, but merchants | wealth. in the South must govern themselves by the prices in New York and Liverpool .months, bought cotton at a very small profit to themselves—several have lost money by it. They would gladly give more if prices where they sell would justify it. But prices have been as high here as elsewhere, if not higher, taking the cost of transportation and expense into consideration.

The low rates of cotton, and the unjust tax imposed by the Government, will have a tendency to reduce the wages of laborers. We sincerely regret this, for we are anxious that all should be well paid for their labor. Charlotte Democrat.

Winston Sentinel, that the Military commander of the Post at Greensboro' has issued the following order:

HEADQ'RS MILITARY POST OF GREENSBORO', GREENSBORO', N. C., Oct. 3, 1867.

Mr. E. T. CLEMONS, High Point Guilford Coun-You are hereby ordered to desist running oppo-

sition coaches or wagons to the regular United body whose action you have kindly con-States mail contractor, between High Point and | veyed to me. Salem, N. C., until further orders. By order of Byt. Maj. Wm. S. Worth. JOSEPH H. WILSON,

MILITARY COMMISSION.—The trial before the Military Commission in session in this city, of Robert Kennedy, (white) a citizen of Mecklenburg county, for stealing a small pox hospital and contents from the Freedmen's Bureau at Charlotte, was closed on Saturday. The trial of Henderson Cooper, (colored) for a rape committed on Mrs. Susan Daniels, a white woman, near Oxford, in December 1864, was also concluded .-The prisoners, we learn, are to be sent to the findings of the court.

Raleigh Register. weighing six pounds, which was found in a branch near the Austin Mine in Union county. Judge Kelley was not far from right when he talked about the vast wealth Northern rulers to let us alone.

Charlotte Democrat. PARDON OF THE HON. B. CRAIGE. - The Craige will be rejoiced to learn that he has be gathered a clear idea of the general tone proves its reactive power. been specially pardoned by the President. of the article. He says:

is with great pleasure that we make the ceded. above announcement.

Salisbury Banner.

The New York Herald states that a comparative statement of prices in New York, Philadelphia, Paris, London, Berlin, and other prominent cities in all parts of the world, shows that our metropolis is the most expensive on the globe in the matter of food. The whole cause of this social misfortune lies in the fact that the food itself comes to the consumers through too many middle men, all of whom must make their percentage.

Sometime on their part makes them of the slightest credence to anything gives the slightest credence to anything the slightest credence to anything pives the slightest credence to anything the slightest credence to anything pives the slightest credence to anything pives the slightest credence to anything pives the sligh The New York Herald states that a com-

Letter of John Quincy Adams, Esq. The following is the letter of John Quiny Adams, Esq., accepting the nomination of the Massachusetts State Convention for pleasure.

Quincy, October 5, 1867. Horatio G. Parker, Esq., President of the

Democratic Convention, &c.: DEAR SIR: I have just received your letter informing me of my nomination by the Democrats and Conservative men of Massachusetts" to be their candidate for name I inherit.

Conscious that I have neither aspiration for peculiar fitness for the position, I had, at the first suggestion to me of such acmy name absolutely from the consideration | great National Union; but now that those purof the meeting. This course having proved ineffectual, it only remains for me now to for us, as for all Governments, simply to say

After having been reluctantly compelled to differ with my friends of the Republitions in Pennsylvania, Ohio and other States,— to differ with my friends of the Republications are in good taste No. 92, current series, from these Headsocial tax, though the cane producing sugar be male and excellent spirit. Its leading article is quarters: questions, I wished to avoid any public action for at least two years, as I hoped in upon the vexed question of negro suffrage. that period to correct or conform my opinions upon national policy, and no earlier rock which has shattered and threatens to rate of taxation fixed by law, and prevailing opportunity, for effective intervention in

I think, however, that in momentous times any man's fellow-citizens may deopinion upon public affairs, if they think made for Gov. Bragg. He came forward, ordinary self-respect can evade the call. tically fight against, black enfranchisement; and, for two hours, entertained the audi- I regard this nomination as such a call upon and that while the negro has a right to his

I have hoped to find common ground to stand upon with the mass of Conservative reference to the issue on this subject pendmen, whom I sincerely respect, who still act with the Republican party; but the

abated my confidence in such a result. have allowed their hatred of a man to supply the lack of any declaration of principles on national affairs, and their dread of educated perhaps—although we are unterly with-

advanced in them which I cannot adopt, although I confess that I entertain some strong opinions upon questions which I would in this case entail. presume it was thought were not involved | The blacks will certainly have the balance of such a purely local issue as that be- power and can rule the country more absolutely

I am glad to see the doctrine of State rights, as understood and promulgated by the founders of our Commonwealth and by the fathers of our National Union, rescued second story of the building, a distance of you, as it must be by all, if the New Engpreponderance in Congress.

Upon questions of finance and taxation, lators who framed it.

laws at this day should dare to plead in ex- try would be thereby exclusively subserved. The mongrel Convention, that was ad- exhausted taxpayer with a semblance of Republican organization, regardless of reason for repudiation.

We cannot, however, affect these national questions by our votes at this election, further than by demanding, as is done in the was, that O'Hara and the Goldsboro' cor- resolutions of your convention, a rigid respondent of the Raleigh Standard economy in State expenditure; and I turn their adhesion to those principles to the extreme "didn't set horses!" Altogether, it was a to the practical and immediate questions of length that they were prepared to go. The Union quiet affair. Early in the morning we saw | State policy, which only are properly be- preserved and slavery overthrown, the great de

Upon these questions I see no consideranounce what I have always considered the These figures are low in comparison with most to interest the people of the Common- that, slavery abolished and unity secured, there re-

I confess that my inclination is to an open declaration by men and parties of Our Charlotte buyers have, for the past 18 what they think upon any question of considerable debate.

The course of the Convention over which you had the honor to preside seems to me, therefore, to stand in very favorable contrast to the timorous and time serving tone

of the previous convention at Worcester. I am the more repelled by the political ockeying there attempted, because I know that most of the wise and conservative men of the Republican party justly regard these sumptuary laws as preposterous invasions

by statute of the lawful domain of morals. When called on, therefore, to take a side upon the questions touched by the resolu-A SMALL BUSINESS.—We learn from the tions of the conflicting parties, I should meanly equivocate if I attempted to dis- sure the permanent freedom of the white. We guise my hearty preference for the policy declared by the Democratic Convention. After this too detailed avowal of my opinions, I should feel that I arrogated an absurd importance to my personal preferences if I should still decline to stand as the candidate of the large and respectable

> I am, very respectfully, Your obedient servant,

JOHN Q. ADAMS. From the Charleston Courier.

mercial and industrial progress and resour- country. ces of the country. Its September number, although delayed.

from the pen of Mr. Spooner, of Boston; words, that it is not of binding efficacy. Fort Macon to await the promulgation of and is entitled No Treason. Mr. Spooner And to this position its party has been was an ultra abolitionist of the old school. driven to sustain itself. Its language on can people and American Government to He, however, believes in the practical enforcement of the declaration that all gov-Gold.-We saw a lump of gold last week ernment is of a right dependent, for its authority, upon the consent of the governed. it, as we have more than once pointed out in these

He takes the distinct ground that the itself to do whatever the occasion plainly calls for, of this region of the earth. The sun never South has not been guilty of treason, and constitutional or unconstitutional. shone on a better section of country than that the Constitution of the United States Here, then, the controversy is distinctly following extract conveys concisely his position on this subject. We present it as one of the modes of thought evolved by again." It is impossible to destroy it, or A deputy postmaster, and ing endorsation was returned:

[COPY.]

A deputy postmaster is not subject.

the latter, denies a man'a ownership of himself and the products of his labor; and asserts that other men may own him and dispose of him and his property for their uses and at their

Previous to the war, there were some grounds for saying that in theory, at least, if not in pracice-our Government was a free one; that it rested on consent. But nothing of that kind can be said now, if the principle on which the war was carried on by the North is irrevocably es-If that principle be not the principle of the Constitution, the fact should be known. If it be the

principle of the Constitution, the Constitution itself should be at once overthrown. Notwithstanding all the proclamations we have Governor of the Commonwealth at the next | made to mankind, within the last ninety years, | cer. election. I pray you, as president of the that our Government rested on consent, and that Convention, to accept, on behalf of that Government could rest, the late war has practibody, my thanks for the compliment to the cally demonstrated that our Government rests

upon force—as pruch so as any Government that The North has thus virtually said to the world : It was all very well to prate of consent so long as the objects to be accomplished were to liberate tion, requested the chairman of the Demo- ourselves from our connection with England, and cratic State Central Committee to withdraw also to coax a scattered and jealous people into a poses have been accomplished, and the power of the North has become consolidated, it is sufficient

and excellent spirit. Its leading article is quarters : It regards this as the single and sufficient it worth while to ask it, and no man of to assent to, even if they do not prac-

right to the sugrage. This question is evidently discussed in

ing at the North. It is remarked: There is no escape from two momentons factsfirst, that the character of our representation has recent course of that party has very much become low and discreditable; and secondly, that to introduce more ignorance into our constituen-They seem very lately, at Worcester, to cies must make it more low and more discredita-We may dodge and twist and look the other intestine strife to gag their speech on State out precedents, or, rather, the precedents we have made against the assumption. But, if we supcose him to be educated, it will necessarily have So far as the latter Convention, over been a work of time, and in the interim his emwhich you, sir, presided, thought fit to playment of the suffrage may have superseded the promulgate official opinions, I find nothing educational necessity. The notion that voting helps to educate has, of course, some demonstrable foundation, but not enough to justify the enormous risks which implicit dependence upon it

bring wonderful and little expected results. The fact remains that wherever in the world the negro has power-that is to say, control over himfrom unmerited oblequy, and cherished by self or others—he is a barbarian, a campibal, seller of his own race into slavery. The brutish land States are to retain their Senatorial elements which are dormant or suppressed under bondage may be eradicated in freedom; they may, also, develop into modified forms of cruelty unreason and fatuity, such as will produce, movit is difficult to reconcile the incompetence ing in mass, mournful, fantastic, and in a national which pervades our system of imposts with sense, most degrading results. The mends of the a presumption of honest intent in the legis- negro are very sauguine and perhaps their hopes of retaining a long lease of his gratitude are well founded; but even if entirely fulfilled, we can lutes and rejoicings over the result of the panel of a jury drawn of voters and tax payers, No man who assumes a capacity to make scarcely admit that the test interests of the coun-

cuse of his blunders an abject ignorance of | It considers that what the Republican the first principles of political economy, party calls healthful progress, is in reality, and an atter indifference to the recorded unconstitutional revolution, and that their results of experience. But the intolerable great mistake is that they are endeavoring burden of an exploded and unscientific to run the engine of war, after the fires plan of internal taxation, combined with a which formerly generated the requisite plished: tariff, which is nothing but legalized rob- steam for this purpose, have been extinbery, must have been saddled upon the guished. In other words, that the Union the public welfare, is to save their party. The position of the American people is

thus stated: The mass of the Northerners, while firm in their defence of national unity and, after a given pesire of that mass has been to restore the statu quo ante bel'um in every respect which is compat ble with obviously irrevokable changes. From ble divergence between the conflicting par- the termination of hostilities the Republican parties, except that one has thought fit to re- ty, through causes, perhaps, unavoidable, and in spite of its efforts to avoid such a contingency, has slowly but surely drifted into a position which most essential attribute of a party-an is felt to be hostile to the best interests of the opion upon the local question which seems united nation. It might be more accurately said mained no principles in the Republican practice which the aggregate intelligence of the country

could accept as sagacious or patriotic. Moreover, although the work of ending the war was largely done by Republicans, it is a fallacy no less flagrant because their most favorite one to assume that it was done by Republicans alone. Even if it had been, it is not by constitutional means that they can retain power after the great majority of American citizens are convinced that such a retention is unfavorable to harmonious reconstruction, to diminished taxation, and, in fine. to the solid prosperity of the country. Unconst tutional means have certainly been threatened, and it will be no equivocal test of the patriotism which has been so widely vaunted if, for party purposes, the Republican leaders shall venture to resort to as well as to threaten them. The way before us is perplexing, and the situation is fel by the thoughtful to be one which may lead to normous, and what five years ago would have been thought impossible, changes. Men do not claim so confidently as they once did that the emancipation of the black race is certain to asall, of course, strive to hope for the best, hope to pass through all our troubles by peaceful and equitable means, but a contrary experience may ome upon us when least expected. The elections prove the existence of a determined feeling against a policy which is, however, felt to be essential to the salvation of a powerful party holding in its hands extraordinary opportunities and powers. From this dilemma none can tell what may be evolved; but unless we read the signs of the times and measure the antagonisms of race very incorrectly, the nation at large, should such an alternative be forced upon it, would sooner submit to a single dictator than to a million in the persons of black men.

It is one of the signs of the times, when views of this character are presented boldly and distinctly in journals of position and DeBow's Review is still continued. It respectability, and which in a measure reptreats as of yore of the agricultural, com- resent the thought and intelligence of the

On the other hand, the Nation, the leading weekly organ of the Radical party, in is at hand, and contains much readable its last issue, openly advocates that there is no value in the Constitution at present, Its leading article is the first of a series except as advice to Congress. In other

this point is significant: There is probably no difficulty in the reconstruction process which troubles so many people American Union." as this one, and there is only one way of meeting He has, therefore, declined to act with the columns-but it is one to which the Radical lead- Important to Postmastes-Deputy Post, Republican party either during or since the ers, for reason of policy, are reluctant to resortand that is by frankly avowing that the crisis is so tremendous that the majority has taken upon

numerous friends of the Hon. Burton the issues of the day. And from this may to prevent this. The history of the past

Mr. Craige is one of the most consistent, able, and worthy men of our State, and it is with great pleasure, that we make the The Boston Post's Washington corresponfore the Judiciary committee, and it is said The principle on which the war was waged by the North was simply this: That men may be rightfully compelled to submit to and support a be required to explain many of his statehe is now under arrest. The General will Government that they do not want, and that re- ments, which are in direct conflict, con-

The South. LATEST NEWS

According to Radical geography, the South is in the Union for some purposes and out of the Union for others. The Southern States are "States" when the vote or the action of States is needed, and they are simply Territories when their own rights are to be regarded. They are either States or they are not. The Executive, the Legislative, and the Judicial branches of Government have repeatedly recognized them as States. It is too late now for a mi-erable Congressional faction to affect to Taylor, deceased. treat them otherwise. - National Intelligen-

The above are about the same ideas we expressed some time ago. "They are either States or they are not."

The Tax Order. The following explanatory circular has

HEADQUARTERS SECOND MILITARY DIST., CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 9, 1867.

In any case embraced within the first subdivision of paragraph I. of said order, the sink the Republican ship. Nor does it be- at the time the transaction was made and lieve that the American people are prepared | completed, or the property, or right, was to accept even the partial rule of the race parted with, which is the subject of taxation, they have just set free. Its ground is that shall constitute the basis for correcting mand from him a definite expression of the constituents which assented to and such excessive taxation; and upon being fought for emancipation, cannot be got conformed thereto, such tax shall be valid and binding-it being the design of that deeply felt than all their property swept away by part of said paragraph I. to protect persons | the war. The claimants reside in Columbia, South making business operations, from unfore- Carolina. Mr. Zevely, third assistant Postmaster me, and I wish to answer it with perfect freedom, he has, by no means, the same seen imposition of taxes in excess of the General, at whose instance the notice was telerates prevailing when such operations were graphed, will restore the picture at once. consummated.

In any case arising under the sub-division of paragraph 1. of said order, the rate of taxation imposed on the property or per- consisting of J. W. McClurg, Chairman, Ulysses son of a resident of the State shall be the Mercer, F. Sawyer, and Gen. Washburn, accombasis for correcting such tax as affecting the property or person of a non-resident; and upon being conformed thereto, such tax shall be valid and binding.

In all cases where the collection of any tax is suspended under the first or second subdivisions of paragraph I. of said order, ited to preventing the collection of any ex- and thence via Macon to Atlanta. cess of such tax over and above the amount properly taxable in accordance with the provisions of said order as explained by

Commanding officers of posts are authorized to make such orders as may be leading men to revive the old Democratic party, N. E. Rum 3 00 @ 4 00 Timber, WM., cers at the respective posts are required to the State are moving spirits in their efforts. From Scantling 8 00 @10 00 Tallow, th... 10 @ 11 comply therewith.

ED. R. S. CANBY. Louis V. Caziarc,

Aid-de-Camp, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General. What the Late Elections Mean,

In almost every city, town and hamlet, all over the North, we hear of bonfires, sa- in the case, to-day, testing the validity of the

recent elections.

judgment, will be the safety of the nation. people by gross ignorance or fraud, and if no longer requires to be saved. This is It should be received by the Democracy of not speedily removed, it will furnish the accomplished. The whole object of the New York city and of the country in all moderation as the sign of the times, indicating that the great people of the country of the seceding States to the Union. He says: ceived as a declaration that the moderate act of his, to bind Congress and restore the State side must, for the time being, stand aside, no legal government or State constitution in while the great mass of the Conservative South Carolina, and that under the existing Promen of the country come up to save it. It visional Government the reconstruction acts of s to be received as the declaration of the Congress were the supreme law and the constitu-American people that the party whose tion of the State. He says if there was any conpolicy it is to overthrow the Constitution of stitution in South Carolina, or any legal State the country, to increase its debt and government, then the act of 1840, commanding the taxation, to overthrow its President and Judge to accept as jurors alone those who are substitute in his place a revolutionary voters under the constitution of the State, and President, is to be put down under the feet of the great patriotic American people. It is to be received as the declaration of the people of the North that the policy inaugurated by that party at the men, but it is otherwise. South to place black men over white men cannot be and will not be sustained. (Long continued cheering.) It is to be received as a declaration that the people of the North are not willing within the States of this Sturdivant, Wm. Taylor, Thomas J. Evans, and Union that there should be negro judges, A. H. Lands, gives satisfaction to the Conservanegro magistrates, negro jurors, negro legis- tives, and the ticket will be well supported. lators, negro Congressmen—(loud cheering) -that the power and money of this government is not to be used to maintain within the limits of ten States at an expense of millions of dollars an army, the sole purpose of which is to elevate the black man above the white man. (Cheers.) That if within the limits men from both may be taken to make a comproof the Southern States the black man is en- mise. titled to the exercise of the right of suffrage, he is fit to govern himself, to take care of tion, now helding a Bazaar to raise funds for the himself, and does not need a standing army to protect him; that if the black men of

the South, numbering hundreds of thousands, are fit to walk up to the polls and vote down the white men, they do not need a Freedman's Bureau with millions of dollars at its back to educate, feed, and take care of them. (Laughter and applause.)— It is to be taken as the declaration of the and taxation must be reduced; that there sources of the State, and recover material pros- for lots as they run, and \$3@\$3 25 for selected; must be no increase of the paper currency; | perity. no more corrupt officials to corrupt the Dr. Alexander Sharp, brother-in-law of Gen. and \$3 75@\$4 25 for N. Y. make, as in quantity people. (Great applause.) It is to be re- Grant, and Postmaster in this city, will publish a Beeswax-Is brought to market slowly, ceived as the declaration of the American people that the American Constitution is to be the supreme law of the land-(applause) and that no rump Congress shall pass laws which they shall declare to be superior to the Constitution of the country. (Applause.) At the same time it is to be received as the declaration of the American.

From the Lynchburg News.

people that there shall be under all circum-

stances a faithful adherence by the Ameri-

every one of those obligations incurred

during the war for the preservation of the

masters not Disfranchised. We give publicity to the following de-cision of Gen. Schofield on the question of disfranchisement of deputy postmasters. His opinion has been solicited by a gentlethis, and all that is necessary is for our authorizes no Government except one de- made up. It is upon these dissentient man of this city, who formerly held the pending wholly on voluntary support. The ideas that the conflict is waged. One thing office of deputy postmaster, and the follow-

> A deputy postmaster is not subject to disfranchisement for participation in the rebellion. By command of Gen. Schoffeld.

As a different ruling has prevailed in some registration boards, we hope that all the opportunity now afforded of having tion. their names registered as voters.

The rear car of a freight train, which

BY TELEGRAPH

From Washington WASHINGTON, Cet. 15-P. M.

There is now due, payable on the 1st November, \$24,069,000, coin interest on five-twenties. The internal revenue receipts to-day amount to two hundred and seventy-two thousand dollars. James W. Hancock has been appointed Collector of Customs at St. Luria, Texas, vice Charles Coffee, & tb.,

Senator Nye will stump the State of New York in behalf of the Radicals. The evidence of the inquest held over the vic- Corron, if ib., tims of the riot at Springfield, Masschusetts, Ord. to Mid's 15 @ shows that the State constables fired into the

crowd after the riot had been subdued. Six hundred Brooklyn new shop-keepers are reported for violations of the reven e laws. Revenue decision: When a deed is made for real estate sold for taxes, after the time of redemption Domestics, is past, it must contain a recital of the facts Sheeting, and the form must be in accordance with the laws Yarn, \$5 th 1 80 @ 1 30 PEA NUTS, 2 50 @ 3 00 of the State in which the real estate is situated FEATHERS, The following instructions are published on the subject of sales under execution. Sugar in this city on the 27th ultimo, with the decide whether I have good reason to per- for the information and guidance of the case is a farm product, but sugar is not. A per- Macherel, politics, literature, science and art, also Commanding Officers of Posts in carrying son who manufactures sugar to an amount excontains many articles of interest. Its re- out the requirements of General Orders ceeding one thousand dollars per annum, pays

> made on his own farm. A dispatch from Vicksburg says no deaths have occurred for the past forty-eight hours. The President has not ordered or requested the

> attendance of the District Commanders here. The picture of two children feeding a horse, held at the dead letter office, was claimed to-day. The portraits are of two deceased children -Claimants say the loss of the picture was more

The House committee to enquire into Southern railroads, and to arrive at an equitable adjustment of railroad indebtedness to the government, panied by N. G. Ordway, Sergeant-at-arms of the House of Representatives, S. D. Lleyd, Messen- Dry ..... ger, and Captain ! P. Meigs, Clerk, loave to-mor- HAY, \$\mathcal{B}\$ 100 lbs., row for Bichmond, where they will remain a couple Northern. 85 @ 95 Northern,... 9 @ of days, thence via Lynchburg and Knoxville, to IRON, # 1b., Atlanta, Chattanooga and Nashville, or they may the order suspending the same shall be lim- go from Richmond to Charleston and Savannah, American,

> From Raleigh An Attempt to Revive the Democratic Party.

RALEIGH, Oct. 16-P. M. Strenuous efforts are being made by influential Bourbon . . 2 00 @ 4 00 R. O. hhd 30 00 @40 00 clauses of said order in conforming with the Northern Democracy in endeavoring to defeat LUMBER, (River, the foregoing provisions, and all civil offi- Radicalism. Some of the most prominent men in Fir Bds. 14 00 @18 00 Mil, inferior to all appearances, the movement bids fair to suc-By command of Brevet Major General ceed. All elements of Conservatism rejoice in the triumphs of the Democracy of Ohio and Pennsyl-

From Charleston,

CHARLESTON, S. C., Oct. 16-P. M. Judge Ryan, of the United States District Court, irrespective of color, decided that, although an tations given in our last up to Wednesday, when The following extract from a speech of act of Congress of 1840 required the jurors to be there was less enquiry from shippers, which caus-Mayor Hoffman, at an enthusiastic Demo- drawn as prescribed by the Legislature of each ed a decline of 25 cents on soft, and the sales were cratic meeting at Tammany Hall, in the respective State, yet, that this must be construed at \$3 80 for virgin and yellow dip, and \$2 60 for city of New York, shows what the late in reference to the changes created by the war, he new hard, 7 bbl. of 230 lbs. [On virgin a deduc- Spirits Turpentine, legal Congress of the whole country, and that the "The result of these elections, in my reconstruction act of Congress, conferring suf- market closes with a steady demand from disfrage on the negro, was the provisional constitution and law of the State. He held that Presi- The receipts and sales of the week are 2,401 bbls., dent Johnson had no power to restore any as follows: the Radical disunionists. It should be re- it was not competent for the President, by any Saturday. 123. Conservative men of the nation are to rule to the Union, and connect it by constitutional Wedney . 400 ...... 3 80 ...... 2 60 Crude Turpentine per bbl. 00 0 60 0 50 the nation. That extreme men on every ligiments and relations. He held that there was Thursday 140 ...... 3 80 ...... 2 60 Tar, .....

From Richmond. RICHMOND, VA., Oct. 16-P. M. The nominations of Marmaduke Johnson, N. A.

panel should have been drawn alone of white

The ticket of moderate Republicans, with Dr. Sharp, brother-in-law of General Grant, at the head, and Fields Cook, a mulatto preacher, at the tail, also meets with favor, but the Conservative ticket spoils its effect. It is thought that the best

The ladies of the Oakwood Memorial Associagraves of the Confederate dead in that Cemetery,

have been very successful. The State Horticultural and Pemological exhi-\$6 for extra Pale-all # bbl, of 280 lbs. bition now being held at the hall, was crowded to-night with the first people of the city, to hear Gen. Wise, who made a powerful speech of two quotations given in our last. About 484 bbls. rehours. He revised the past and advised the people to devote themselves to agriculture, manufac- continues fully fair, and the demand is meagre. people of the American continent, that debt tures and labor generally, to develope the re- We quote only small transactions from wharf at

> card in to-morrow's Dispatch, positively declining the nomination tendered by moderate Repub-

pepper county, explains that only persons who the hoof at 8@10 cents 7 lb. net, according to protracted. He emigrated at an early age from are entitled to register under the law are eligible to the Convention as delegates. A person who was a cierk of a County Court before the war, and as such took an oath to support the Constitution of sales effected were at a decline on previous rates. the United States, and afterwards engaged in the On Wednesday, however, the advices both from was a member of the Missionary Baptist Church. rebellion, are not eligible to the Convention.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 17-Noon. Sixes 45]. Gold 1434. Money very active at 7 7 cent. Stocks active-heavy sales made. Erie,

sterling time, 94@93; Sight 93. Flower 10@20 cents lower. Wheat 2@4 cents lower. Corn a shade lower. Mess Pork firmer at \$22 10@\$22 25 \$2 bbl. Lard dull at 184@141 cents Cotton quiet at 193 cents. Freights quiet. Spirits quantity at 30 cents & dozen. Turpentine 55@551 cents 7 bbl.

Mrs. Martha Webster died in Brooklyn on Saturday morning from the effects of an ove.rdose of morphine, which had been inadvertently prepared by a druggist's assis- Ober's Cotton and Corn Compound, \$65; Baugh's tant in a store on Third avenue, in that Raw Bone Phosphate, \$60@165, Snowden's Aumor city. The clerk was arrested and held to niated Potash Phosphate, \$65 Zell's Superphos deputy postmasters will avail themselves of await the result of the coroner's investiga- ses; Rhodes' Standard Manure, \$65@\$70 Wool-

VALUABLE LANDS FOR SALE.

DERSONS desiring to purchase Lands would do well to call and examine the lands of the late Henry N. Howard, consisting of a valuable Rice farm, and a large quantity of Turpentine lands. There is among them a valuable plantation in Robeson county, known as the Grawford lands, a fine stand for a county store.

Any information desired will be furnished by William N. Peden.

WILLIAM N. PEDEN, Admr's and ALLMAND A. McKOY, Comr's.

Sonsequence to report. The market conducted be fairly supplied with both State and Northern brands, while merely a retail demand exists. The sales for the week have been confined to small lots from store at quotations in table, according to quantity and quality.

Grain—For Conn the market conducted be fairly supplied with both State and Northern brands, while merely a retail demand exists. The sales for the week have been confined to small lots from store at quotations in table, according to quantity and quality.

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178-2taw-11tf

Wilmington Wholesale Prices Current. BEEF CATTLE. From store 1 90 @ 2 00 # 100 lbs. 8 00 @10 00 Molasses, # gallon, Bricks, Cuba, hhds..4710 10 00 @15 00 do bbls. .00 @ Barkels, Sp'ts T., each. Sugar house, 45 64 2nd hand .. 2 60 @ 3 25 do bbls. 47hch New ... ... 3 25 60 4 25 Syrap, bbls. . 60 @ 1 NAVAL STORES, Turpentine 20 280 the 23 Virgin....0 00 @ 3 80 far, 3 bbl.0 00 @ 2 65 ava ......38 @ Laguayra...28 @ Tar, in ordro 60 @ 3 00 Pitch, City 3 50 @ 3 75 St. Domingo.21 @ 23 | Rosin, pale 4 50 @ 5 00 do No. 1..3 50 @ 4 00 do No. 2..3 30 @ 3 35 Strict Mid'g 00 @ do No. 3. 3 20 @ 3 25 COTTON BAGGING. Spirits Turpentine, Gunny, Tyd 27 @ NAILS, & B., .....6 50 @ 7 00 Cnt Ons, P gallon, 9 bushel . 1 50 @ 1 60 Linseed . . . 1 75 @ 1 90 Machinery.2 00 @ 2 50

POTATOES. 80 | Sweet, bush1 00 @ 1 25 brish, # bbl3 50 @ 4 00 PROVISIONS, # 15., N. C. Bacon No. 1... 20 00 @21 00 .19 00 @20 00 Hams......24 @ No. 3...15 00 @16 00 Middlings, ...00 @ Hog round. .19 @ East....5 00 @ 7 00 Western Bacon N.C.roe,00 00 @ 9 00 Hams......21 @ do cut, 0 00 @ 0 00 Middlings ... 181@ do gross, 6 50 @ 7 00 | Shoulders . . . 16 @ Dry Cod, 12 th 9 @ 10 | Lard, N. C. . . 17 @ FLOUR, Bbbl., Northern do North'rn 141@ amily. . . 12 50 @15 00 Butter, N. C. 33 @

uperfine. 9 50 @10 00 | do North'rn 36 @ Fine..... 8 50 @ 9 00 | Cheese ..... 17 @ NORTH CAROLINA. Pork, Northern, Wbbl., Family ... 11 75 @12 00 City Mess 26 00 @27 00 Superfine.11 25 @11 50 Thin " 00 00 @26 00 GLUE, & tb...20 @ 25 Prime, ...24 60 @25 00 GUNNY BAGS 35 @ 45 Rump. ...00 00 @00 00 Guano, Peruvian, Per ton. 00 00 @ 90 00 | Alum, bush.0 60 @ 621 GRAIN, P bushel, Liverpool, sack, ground. Corn . . . . . 1 30 @ 1 35 | cargo . . . 0 00 @ 0 00 90 from store 2 25 @ 2 35 Peas, Cow. 1 50 @ 1 75 | American . 2 15 @ 2 20 13 Cu a ..... 12½@ 12 Porto Rico. 14 @ 10 B. .....151@ .....161@

Hides, & Ib., .16 @ 17 A. Wilmington, English, ass'd8 10 Ext. Family, 101@ American, ref. 0 @ 10 | Family,.... 10 @ 91@ 71@ Chemical,... 10 | Pale..... sheer .. Swede..... 10 @ 12 Shingles, # M., Contract . . 5 00 @ 7 00 % ton. 150 00@155 00 | Common . . 3 50 @ 5 00 Liquons, & gal., (dom.) Staves, & M., Whiskey,

REVIEW

Wide do .10 00 @12 00 | ord.... 6 00 @ 7 00

WILMINGTON MARKETS

WEEK ENDING THURSDAY.

TURPENTINE. - The market ruled steady at quotions, according to the quality of the article.] The Cotton Goods,...per bale.

Monday 1,024..... 4 05..... 2 60 Tuesday . 549...... 4 05....... 2 60

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Since the close of our re- Rosin,... view on Thursday last the market has ruled with- Cotton, ..... per lb. out material change, so far as regards prices .- | Pca Nucs, ..... per bush. 00 @ 12)4 There has been a steady demand throughout the week for both coastwise and foreign shipment, (mostly for the latter,) and parcels have generalv been taken when offered at 53\frac{1}{2} cents, though in ne or two instances 54 cents has been obtained for extra packages. No sales reported this morning, and the market closed steady on Wednesday at 53 cents. The stock in receivers' hands has become reduced, owing to the meagre arrivals, who are qualified by the act of its Legislature, and is rather small at present. The sales of the

then it would be decisive of this question, and the | week are 1,855 bbls., viz.; Friday ..... 39 bbls. at 53 cents # gal. Do......366 " " 531 " " " " Saturady....465 " " 61 66 66 Monday ... ..380 .. .. 531 4 4 4 Tuesday... Wednesday .. 248 "

Rosin. For this article the market during the early part of the week ruled quite brisk for the lower grades, and up to the close of Tuesday's transactions a slight advance had been obtained over previous quotations. On Wednesday, how- Farmers' Bank, ... 25 ever, the market opened very dull under advices | Merchants' ...... 59 of a decline in the New York markets, and buyers | Charlotte,......23 none refused to operate unless at lower figures, which holders do not seem disposed to accept, and consequently little or nothing was done in the way of sales. For all quantities of No. 1 the market has ruled dull throughout the week; while for extra Pale and window glass there has been some enquiry, but the want of stock has prevented or erations to any extent At the time of closing our report the market rules quiet for all descriptions, and prices have a declining tendency. Sales and re-sales for the week are 3,379 bbls., at the following quotations: \$3 20@\$3 25 for common \$3 30@\$3 35 for strained; \$3 30@\$3 50 for No. 2; \$3 50@\$4 for No. 1; \$4 75@\$5 50 for Pale; and

TAR-Has continued to be in fair shipping de mand, and all brought to market has found sale at ceived and sold at \$2 65 7 bbl. Barrels.- The supply of empty spirit barrels new \$3 25@\$3 50 for country, \$3 50@\$4 25 for city,

sells readily at 34@35 cents 74 lb.

during the early part of the week had the tendency are as follows: Friday, 22 bales at 16 cents for Five-twenties of '62, coupons, 111. Virginia middling; Saturday, 7 do. at 15 cents for low mid- relatives and friends, to mourn over their loss. dling; Tuesday, 4 do. at 16 cents; and Wednesday, 50 do. at 16, 164, 164, 17@18 cents for mid-

CORN MEAL ... Is in moderate enquiry for retailing purposes, and the supply is adequate for pre-sent wants. We quote from the mills at \$1 5000 | prepared when death comes to follow and join him that "House not made with hands eternal in the Heavens." \$1 60 @ bushel. Eggs-Are in small enquiry, and sell by the

FERTILIZERS .- At present there is only a limit-ed demand, to supply which the stock on market is fully ample. We quote as follows; Peruvian Guano, \$90; Pacific do. \$75@\$80; Patapaco do. \$70; Kettlewell's Manipulated do., \$60@\$70; Phenix do., \$55; Snowden's Manipulated do., \$75. To F. Coo's Superpheniated for the stock on martet is fully ample. 175; E. F. Coe's Superphosphateof Lime, S.6 phate of Lime, \$65; Zell's Raw Bone Phosphate sten's Phosphate of Lime, \$65; Whitelock's Sere-

alizer, \$75 % ton, of 2,000 pounds Fran-Mullets are in light supply, and we report a brisk demand. A lot of 45 bbls, was received on Monday and sold from wharf at \$9 for

pine bbls. FLOUR.—In this article we have no change of sonsequence to report. The market continues to be fairly supplied with both State and Northern

hands is becoming reduced, though fully sufficient for present wants. A lot of 1,000 bushels vas received from Hertford on Monday and sold at \$1 274 p bushel for white ;—a prime article for mealing purposes, would no doubt bring higher figures. We quote in the small way from store at \$1 40. — Oars—The stock in dealers' hands is small, but there is a very light demand. Retailng from store at 90 cents # bushel. PEAS-Are beginning to be brought to market, and rices are rather lower. A few lots have been rerived, and we quote Cow by the quantity at \$1 and by retail at \$1 75@\$2 P bushel. RICK continues in fair demand, and in the absence of

receipts Carolina has become very scarce. We quo e at 121@13 cents # fb. for clean. HAY-The market is heavily supplied with orthern, and the demand is limited. Several its have arrived during the week, but we hear of e sale of only 53 bales from wharf at 95 cents 7 100 lbs. We quote Eastern by the quan ity at \$1

LIME.—There is merely a local demand, to meet which the supply in dealers' hands is sufficient, We quote from warehouse at \$1 90 \$1 cask. LUMBER.-The market rules quiet, and but litle demand. One raft of flooring boards (river) sold on Tuesday at \$14 W M. The following are

the quotations from mill: Pine Steam Sawed Lumber-Cargo rates-per

1,000 feet. Ordinary assortment Cuba cargoes, \$18 00 @ 20 00 Hayti cargoes, 17 00 @ 18 00 Full cargoes wide Boards...... 20 00 @ 23 00 flooring boards, rough 00 00 @ 25 00 Ship Stuff as per specifications,.... 20 00 @ 23 00 Deals, 3 by,9 ..... 00 00 @ 20 00 Prime River Flooring, . . . . . . . . . . . 14 00 @ 18 00

Molasses-Is in full supply, and only a small business doing from store at quotations in table. PEA NUTS .- The arrivals of new crop have been rather better for the week, and we note a fair demand for shipment. The sales have been from carts at prices ranging from \$2 50 to \$3 7 bushel according to quality. POTATORS.—The market is moderately supplied with both Sweet and Irish, and only a small demand. We quote the former at \$1@\$1 25 7 bush-

ei from carts, and the latter at \$3 75@\$1 \$ bbl. from store. POULTRY-Is in demand at full prices, and the market is poorly supplied. We quote live chickens at 30@45 cents, and grown fowls at 45@50 cents each, as to size.

Provisions.—The Bacon market continues to rule firm for North Carolina, with a brisk demand for jobbing lots, and prices are a shade higher. The receipts are meagre, and the stock in dealers' hands is very light. We quote sales for the week of only about 5,000 lbs. at 18@18; cents for sides, 191 cents for hog round, and 25 cents # 15. for hams-a prime article finding quick sale at these figures. The supply of Western has become materially reduced, and is at present quite small, while a moderate enquiry exists. Selling from store at 16@161 cents for shoulders, 181@191 cents for sides, and 22@24 cents @ lb. for hams, as in quantity. - LARD-Is in merely retail demand, and the market is moderately supplied with Northern, which sells from store at 141@17 cents. North Carolina is rather scarce, and sells at 17@18 cents # lb .- Pork .- There is only a retail enquiry, and the market is moderately supplied with Northern. Sells from store at quotations in table,

according to quality. SALT. The market continues to be fully supolied, and we report a moderate business dong from store. We quote at \$2 10@\$2 15 for American, and \$2 20@\$2 30 # sack for Liverpool ground, according to quantity. SHINGLES-Have been in moderate enquiry for ome weeks past, and the market rules steady Sales by the boat load at \$4@\$5 \$ M. for Com-

mon, and \$5@\$7 B M. for Contract. TIMBER-Is brought to market sparingly, and for prime quality there is a fair enquiry for mill Only three rafts received for the week. and sold at quotations in table. Wood.-There is but little coming in, and scarcely any on market. We quote sales by the quantity at \$3 50@\$4 for pine, \$4@\$4 25 for ash,

and \$4 50@\$5 78 cord for oak. FREIGHTS .-- No change to report in rates, and he market to coastwise ports continue to rule exeedingly dull. There is only a small quantity of country produce offering shipment, and it is very lifficut to procure cargoes at present. Our quotations in table are for last rates paid.

Rates of Freight. Per Sailing Per Steamer. Crude Turpentine per bbl. \$0 00 @ \$0 30 \$ Flaxseed,.....per bush. TO PHILADELPHIA. Crude Turpentine per bbl. 0 00 @ Cotton Goods....per bale. 1 00 @ 12½ 00 @ 12 00 7 00 @ 7 00 00 @ 00 0 @ 0 50 0 00 @ 0 40 Spirits Turpentine, Crude Turpentine per bbl. 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 00 0 50 @ 0 60 0 00 @ 0 00 0 00 @ 0 90 0 00 @ 0 00 50 @ 60 Spiri's Turpentine, Rosin,....

WILMINGTON MONEY MARKET.

Cotten,.... per lb.

Pen Nuts,....per bush.

Exchange on Northern Cities ..... par Coupons of N. C. old sixes,. . . . . . . 40 N. C. six per cent. Bonds, ..... 65 Do. Ex Coupons, ..... 50
Do. New Bonds, .... 51 BANK NOTES. Buy, Sell Miners & Planters', 32 Bank of N. C ..... 48 Wilmington,....25 Wadesboro',.....23 Greensboro' Mut...4 Commercial,.....25 Clarendon,..... 3 Fayetteville,..... 9 00 Roxbore',......50 00 Yanceyville ..... 9 Thomasville ..... 50 Washington, ..... 19 Lex'gtn at Gra'am20

At Lilliput Plantation, Saturday, Oct. 12th, Gen. H. WHITTIER, aged 37 years and 10 months. At Murphy's Creek, Duplin county, on Tuesday the 8th inst., WILLIAM USHER, aged about 70

In Magnolia, Bladen county, N. C., on Wednes day, October 2d, ALMIRA T. BYRNE, in the 22d year of her age; wife of Matthew Byrne and daughter of Thaddeus D. Love.

TERTON, Esq., aged 48 years. Death should be a welcome messenger to those who have been afflicted with an incurable disease of a painful character for years, and who are ready for the summons in a religious point of view. Especially should death under such circumstances be desired now, when our distressed and impoverished land is groaning so heavily un-BEEF CATTLE AND SHEEP. There is a fair stock der the divers ills and sufferings that now afflict of beeves in butchers' hands, and at present there the Southern people. The deceased was an invais no demand, except for a prime article, which is | lid for several years before his death. His sufferreadily taken at highest quotation. We quote on ings were great and his bodily pains acute and quality. Sheep are in light demand, and some New England to the South. He carried on busilittle demand exists at \$3 12 head for extra quality. ness successfully for a long time. His fondness Corron -The continued unfavorable advices for commercial life, adapted him more especially for mercantile pursuits, which he followed for a home and foreign markets, were more favorable, and his last days upon earth showed an entire reand caused a firmer feeling here among buyers, signation to the Divine will. He expressed a perwhich resulted in an advance in price, and the fect willingness to die and an assurance of his acmarket closed on that day at 18 cents. The sales ceptance in Heaven. He has left an affectionate are as follows: Friday, 22 bales at 16 cents for wife and a tenderly devoted daughter, with other But let them in this their day of grief and trial

> Connecticut papers please copy. In this city, on the 16th inst., ROBERT, son of W. H. Hardy, aged 5 months and 7 days.

In Richland, on Sunday, 13th ult., JAMES EDWARD, the youngest son of Lewis W. 2nd Nancy Harget, aged six years, four months and 'Thou art gone to the grave! but we will not de-Whose God was thy ransom, thy guardian and

city, and occupy the corner office over Mc-Rary & Co., Princess Street, for the present. He will attend to collections here and contiguous aunties ;-State administration, Guardian and lots from store at quotations in table, according other accounts, as Commissioner or Referee; do Commission business in a small way. He is also to quantity and quality.

Grain—For Corn the market has ruled without Commissioner of North Carolina, for Florida.

Wilmington, N. C. 2-d&wif

At Lillington, New Hanover county, N. C., on the 13th of September, 1867, THOMAS M. CHAT-

comfort themselves with the consoling assurance that what is their loss is his gain. Let them feel prepared when death comes to follow and join him

A CARD.

He gave thee, he took thee, and he will restore At d death has no sting for the Savior has died. THE Subscriber designs returning to this